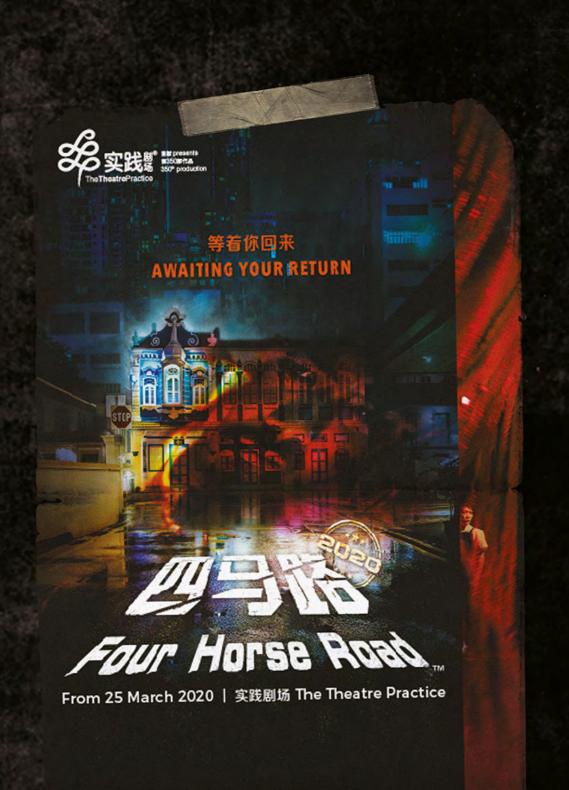
走进被遗忘的世界 A JOURNEY THROUGH FORGOTTEN WORLDS

《四马路》2020 FOUR HORSE ROAD 2020









和很多人一样,我发现旅行的确可以拓宽想法,并解锁出新的视角来端看这个世界。有时候, 《四马路》的世界充满了被遗忘的故事和虚构的现实,其实它更超越了历史,用笔触画出了 致各位旅行者: 当我们穿越时空旅行时,我们有幸看到一系列经验和情况的发生。人的经历是复杂的。在一个 事件中,既有受苦的人也有茁壮的人。同时,人性误简单。事悦、愤怒、恐惧、希望……我们一直 事件中,既有受苦的人也有茁壮的人。同时,人性误简单。事悦、愤怒、恐惧、不是一个人。 不同的视角。 回到现在,我们自身正处于重大事件当中。在新型冠状病毒大流行的恐慌和不确定中,我们做出了 哪些选择?十年后,我们要如何回顾这一时期?在这样不安的时代,特别彰显了历史和艺术的 判断是否公平公正? "在这种非常时期,正是艺术工作者更该发挥的时候。我们没有时间绝望、没有狐影 在这种非常时期,正定之不工作者火该及在时时候。从们汉内时间绝重、汉内孤彩自怜的空间、没有沉默的必要、没有恐惧的余地。我们用自己的声音、文字、语言来发声。 重要性。作家托妮·莫里森曾说过这一段话: 作为说故事的人和建构世界的创作者,天马亓空的幻想和恣意的玩乐是我们的本性。我们设想的 "旅行"比任何事物都更加重要。心胸开阔,不断地提问,保持好奇心。 感谢有你和我们一起踏上这段旅途。 诚挚的祝福 郭践红 实践剧场艺术总监

Dear Fellow Traveller,

Like many before you, I ve discovered that travel truly broadens the mind and unlocks new lenses to look at the world. Sometimes all it takes is and univers new lenses to look at the world. Sometimes all it takes is a different viewpoint to reveal our assumptions and how little we question

Filled with forgotten stories and imagined realities, the worlds of Four Horse Road looks beyond history painted in broad strokes, to offer

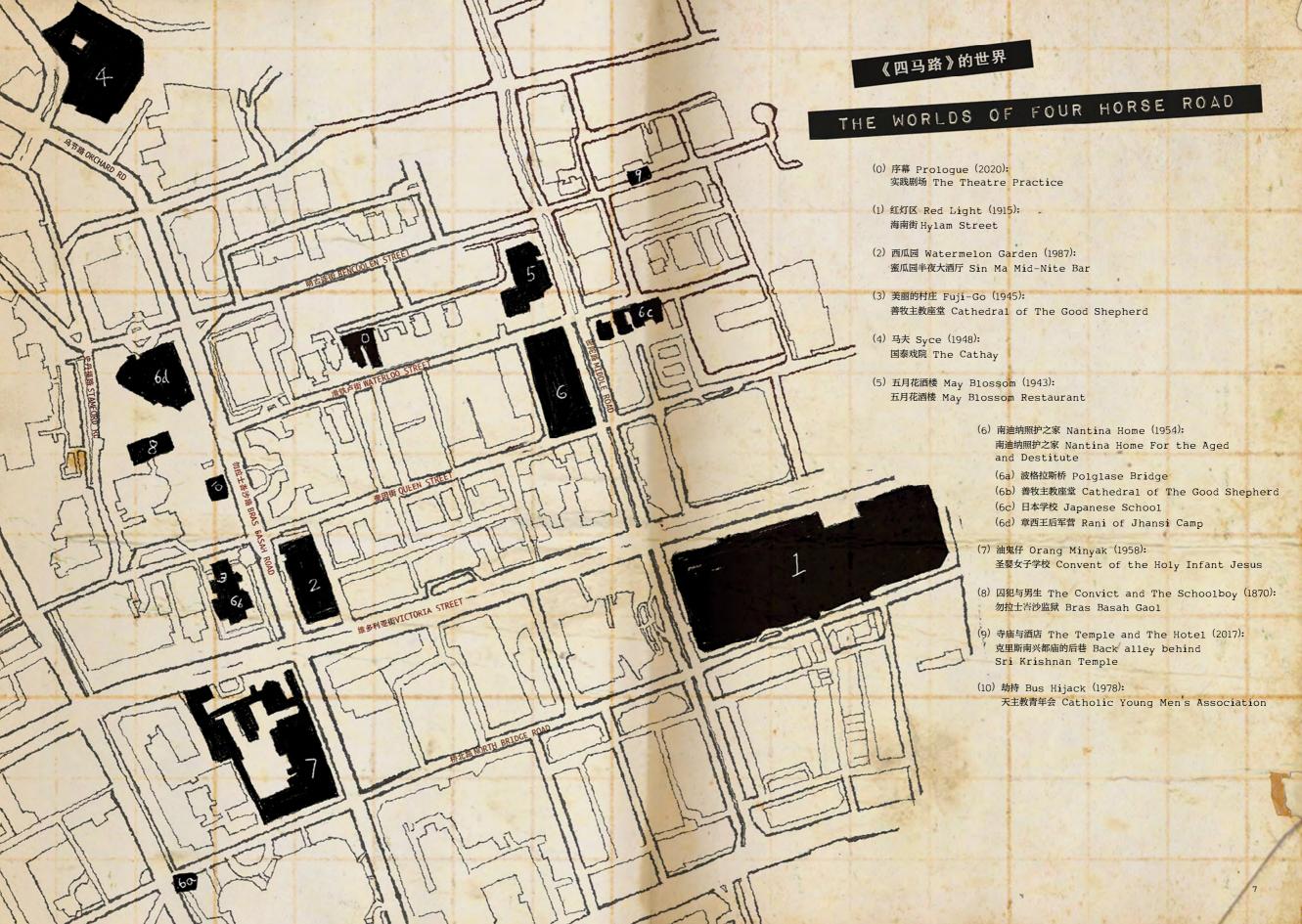
As we travel across time and space, we have the privilege to see a spectrum of experiences and circumstances play out. The human experience is complex. or experiences and circumstances play out. The numan experience is complex Within a single event - there are people who've suffered and people who've thrived. At the same time, human nature is simple. Joy, anger, fear, hope... Our choices have always been ruled by our base instincts. Faced with this Complexity, is there really a singular or fixed version of history? Is it fair for us to pass judgement on the past?

Back in the present, we appear to be in the middle of a major event ourselves. Amidst the panic and uncertainty of the COVID-19 pandemic what were the choices we made? Ten years later, how will we look back on this period? It's times like now where the importance of history and art reveals itself. Author Toni Morrison said it best:

"This is precisely the time when artists go to work. There is no time for despair, no place for self-pity, no need for silence, no room for fear. We speak, we write, we do language. This is how

As storytellers and world builders, it is our nature to imagine and play. What is the future we have envisioned? What can we learn from the past? As we re-examine our relationship to the rest of the world, it is more important than ever to keep "traveling". Be open-minded. Ask questions. Thank you for journeying with us.

Best wishes, Kuo Jian Hong Artistic Director of The Theatre Practice





红灯区Red Light (1915)

故事大纲 Synopsis

那天是元宵节,海南街上 格外的冷清。一群南洋姐 (来自日本的娼妓)和阿姑 (来自中国的娼妓)聚在 一起, 谈论下午发生的军队 叛变。随后,卡缇儿和她的 "干爹"克里斯多夫也加入 这个八卦话题。闲着无聊的 一群女人、由克里斯多夫叙述 故事, 当澍搬演了叛变事件。 而他们没想到的是, 叛军已经 逐步向大坡逼近.....

It is the 15th day of the Lunar New Year, and Hylam Street is quiet. A group of karayuki-san (Japanese prostitutes) and Ah Kus (Chinese prostitutes) gather to gossip about this afternoon's sepoy mutiny. They are joined by Katya and her sugar daddy, Kristof. With Kristof as narrator, the bored women playfully decide to reenact the mutiny. However, things take a serious turn when they realise the mutineers are approaching town...

Poverty

PROSTITUTION in Singapore was inextricably linked to economic factors in rural China and Japan. Congenital poverty, weak family economies, and rising economic expectations created a vast source of supply of Chinese and Japanese women and young girls for international traffic.1

来源 Source: Ah Ku and Karayuki-san: Prostitution in Singapore, 1870-1940, by James Francis Warren

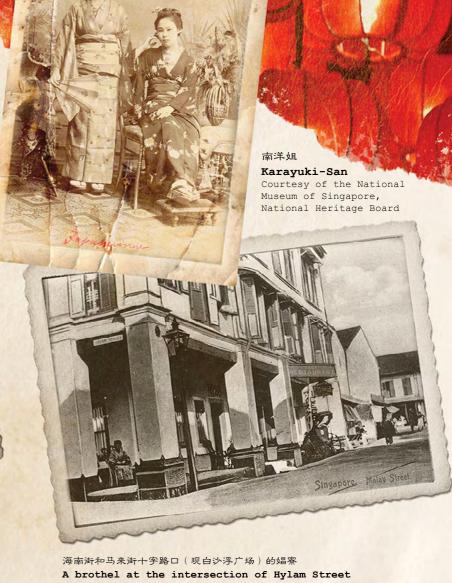
故事背景 Background

这起步兵叛变事件发生在1915年2月15日。 发起暴动的是主要由印裔回教士兵组成的 印度第五轻步兵团的右翼, 他们对英军 指挥官不满, 并谣传士兵将被调到土耳其 与其他回教士兵作战,于是约800名士兵 展开暴动。此兵变事件爆发七日后方镇压 下来,造成多人死伤。

The 1915 Sepoy Mutiny took place on 15 February 1915. It involved The Right Wing of the 5th Light Infantry Brigade, a largely Indian-Muslim regiment. Frustrated with their Commanding Officer, and alarmed by rumors of a potential transfer to Turkey (where they had to fight their Muslim brothers), 800 sepoys revolted. The mutiny lasted nearly seven days and resulted in many deaths.



A Cantonese Ah Ku Royal Tropical Institute Collection, Courtesy of National Archives of Singapore



and Malay Street (Now Bugis Junction) Courtesy of National Archives of Singapore



今晚是西瓜园最后一天营业,酒吧舞女楚莲照常在常客罗伯特面前跳舞。他们开玩笑式的拌嘴,聊着过注在酒吧的回忆,以及初相识的情景。正当楚莲准备最后的表演时,罗伯特对她提出最后一项要求......

It is the Watermelon Garden's final night of operations. Chor Lian, the bar's dancer is performing a dance routine as her regular customer Robert Ong looks on. The two bicker goodnaturedly through the evening, while reminiscing about their memories of the bar and how they first met. Chor Lian prepares for the final performance of the evening, but Robert has one last request for her...

故事背景 Background

80年代位于维多利亚大厦有一家名叫審瓜园半夜 大酒厅的夜总会。在附近求学的学生对这家 夜总会的印象特别深刻,因为这家店的外观有一副 引人注目的壁画,画中穿着比基尼的女郎手捧着審瓜, 在審瓜园中手舞足蹈。在60至70年代之间,以华裔舞女 为主的夜总会受到工人阶级的欢迎,但随着80年代 卡拉ok与泰国迪斯可舞厅逐渐风行,这类型的夜总 也逐渐式溦。

Sin Ma Mid-Nite Bar (also known as Melon Garden Night Club) was located at the Victoria Building in the 1980s. The bar was remembered by many students in the area for their eye-catching mural of women dressed in bikinis and holding melons in their arms, dancing in the middle of a melon field. Chinese hostess bars were popular in the 1960s and 1970s amongst the working-class, but had faded out of fashion in the 1980s with the introduction of KTV lounges and Thai discos.

審瓜园半夜大酒厅的 外观 Exterior of Sin Ma Mid-Nite Bar

Singapore Tourist Promotion Board Collection, Courtesy of National Archives of Singapore

电影《野玫瑰之恋》画面 Still from Wild Wild Rose (1960)

WATER, MELON FIR GARDEN (1987)

美丽的村庄 Fuji-Go (1945)

故事大纲 Synopsis

这天是已故主教阿德里安·德瓦斯的守夜。 昭南市政厅的首席福利官筱崎护到此献上 敬意,不料,一名欧亚裔寡妇苏珊贸然上前 搭讪。苏珊责怪筱崎护让欧亚人在富士村 受苦受难, 而筱崎护认为苏珊缺乏信念。 两人争执不休直到.....

It is the vigil of the late Bishop Adrien Devals. Shinozaki Mamoru, the Chief Welfare Officer of the Syonan Municipal Office, arrives to pay his respects but is accosted by Susan, an Eurasian widow. Susan blames Mamoru for the sufferings of the Eurasians living in Fuji Village while Mamoru challenges Susan's lack of faith. The two continue to argue until...



Bahau settlers at work on their land Courtesy of Father René Nicolas.



欧亚妇人在马口田园中工作 Eurasian Women working the fields in Bahau 来源 Source: Bahau, The Elephant and the Ham by David Miller

NIPPONESE INJUNCTION

Protection In Return For Faithful Co-operation

A DDRESSING members of the Eurasian community who had assembled on the padang outside the Syonan Recreation Club on Tuesday, the Chief of the Syonan Defence Headquarters declared:

Eurasians - Protection in Return for Faithful Co-Operation, Syonan Shimbun

来源 Source: Bahau, The Elephant and the Ham by David Miller

TO LOCAL EURASIANS

日本对本地欧亚人的禁令 - 忠诚合作的回报,《昭南

Nipponese Injunction to Local



故事背景 Background

在日本占领期间, 主教德瓦斯向当时的福利官员筱崎护提出 为欧亚人及基督徒建立海外定居点。筱崎护在日据时期拯救了 数千名平民的性命,被喻为"新加坡的辛德勒"。

富士村在建设的初期面临许多难题、没有先天的农业条件及 水资源, 疟疾肆虐, 缺乏自治和自由活动的能力。两年内至少 死了300至1500人, 当中包括主教德瓦斯, 他的遗体随后运回 新加坡,并在善牧主教座堂举行葬礼仪式。

During the Japanese occupation, Bishop Devals approached Chief Welfare Officer Shinozaki Mamoru to set up an overseas settlement for Eurasians and Christians. Later known as the "Schindler of Singapore", Shinozaki was credited for saving thousands of civilian lives during the Japanese occupation.

From the onset, Fuji Village was plagued with problems including unsuitable agricultural conditions, water shortages, malaria and a lack of self-governance and free movement. At least 300-1500 settlers died over two years, including the Bishop. The Bishop's body was returned to Singapore and his wake was held at the Cathedral Of The Good Shepherd.

马夫 Syce (1948)

故事大纲 Synopsis

维克多和珍妮特·门多萨被带到中央警察局的两个房间。珍妮特接受审问,维克多则辨认其司机博央男孩的尸体。两人声称对此事一无所知。当他们再次聚首时,谈论着那个致命的夜晚。然而他们并没有意识到,威廉督察和黄探长正在窃听他们的对话......

Victor and Janet Mendoza are ushered into separate rooms at the Central Police Station. Janet is interrogated while Victor is asked to identify the body of his driver, a young Boyanese boy. Both claim to know nothing. Once they are reunited however, they begin to discuss that fateful night. What they don't realise is Inspector Williams and Detective Eng are listening in...

Mystery Of Dead Syce In Car

Mystery surrounds the death of a young Malay syce who was discovered lying stretched across the driving seat of a private car near the junction of Bras Basah Road and Bencoolen Street yesterday.

The discovery was stated to have been made by Mr. V. J. Mendis, the Singapore lawyer, when he was about to enter the car shortly before midnight after an evening with friends at the Cathay.

The police are investigating.

司机卧尸于汽车内的神秘死亡事件, 《马来亚论坛报》(1948) Mystery of Dead Syce in the Car, Malaya Tribune (1948)

故事背景 Background

英语Syces泛指马夫或车夫,他们通常是波央人,居住在甘榜伯言和甘榜加卜的小木屋。当个人交通工具由马匹转为汽车时,他们就成为了私人司机。在1948年9月,知名律师也是之后新加坡工党创党人维克多·孟迪斯的司机被发现卧尸在汽车的前座,死因被认定为自然死亡。

Syces referred to stablemen or grooms, who were typically Boyanese and lived in pondoks in Kampong Boyan and Kampong Kapor. They later became personal drivers when private transportation shifted from horses to automobiles. In September 1948, the syce of prominent lawyer and future Singapore Labour Party founder, Victor J. Mendis, was found dead in the front seat of the car. The death was later ruled as natural.



维克多·孟迪斯 (右),《海峡时报》(1948) Victor J. Mendis in 1948 (Right), The Straits Times (1948)

五月花酒樓 May Blossom (1943)

故事大纲 Synopsis

玲子, 是日本宪兵东区支部将领大西 少校的妻子,她今晚设宴款待印度社会 名流的太太苏妮塔·萨格。在场的人士 还有一名歌手瞳子、摄影师田中大辅和 他的助理齐基里、酒楼经理安妮,以及 两名乔装成侍应生和宾客的马抗成员。

玲子和苏妮塔轮流致词,表达了他们对抗英国殖民政府的决心。晚宴中途,玲子 被抗日分子挟持,以她作为人质,要求释放马抗领袖莱特。他们的行动被安月 打断,她稍早之前来到这里请求释放她的丈夫张红。安月知道原来莱特和张红 其实是同一人的时候非常震惊。在他们对峙期间,大辅趁机溜走寻找救兵。 当军队越来越靠近时,玲子反而劝告抗军放弃计划赶快逃走.....

Reiko, wife of Major Onishi of the Kempeitai East District Branch, is hosting a banquet for Sunita Saghal, an Indian society matron. Also present are singer Hitomi, photographer Tanaka Daisuke, his assistant Zikri, restaurant manager Annie and two MPAJA resistance fighters, disguised as a server

Both Reiko and Sunita give speeches affirming their support against the British. Midway, Reiko is captured by the resistance fighters, who plan on using her to free arrested MPAJA leader Lai Teck. They are interrupted by An Nguyet, who came earlier to petition for her husband Chang Hong's release. She is shocked to learn that Lai Teck and Chang Hong are the same man. During this confrontation, Daisuke slips away to find help. As soldiers approach, Reiko urges the rebels to abandon their plan and flee...

故事背景 **Background**

五月花酒楼或称皋月酒楼, 旧址在弥陀路的教堂, 是日据期间一家中餐馆。

莱特,本名范文达,原本在越南当法国人的间谍。他被指派参入到马共卧底, 随后顺利成为党内的总书记。他也是马来亚人民抗日军的领导人,但被日军抓捕后 背叛党员,成为日本人的间谍。

The May Blossom Restaurant, also known as the Satsuki Restaurant, was a Chinese restaurant during the Japanese Occupation. It was housed in the Middle Road Church.

Lai Teck, real name Phạm Văn Đắc, was a former secret agent for the French in Vietnam. He was later tasked to infiltrate the Communist Party of Malaya (CPM) and rose to the rank of Secretary-General. He was also a leader of the Malayan People's Anti-Japanese Army, but became a Japanese agent and betrayed his party members after he was captured by the Kempeitai.



he was arrested by the Japanese Kempeitai...he broke under

interrogation and agreed to work for them as a secret agent to save his life. He was considered such an important catch that Major Satoro Onishi, commanding officer of No. 2 Field Kempeitai Group, became his case officer.

来源 Source: 'Traitor of all Traitors'-Secret Agent "Extraordinaire": Lai Teck, Secretary-General, Communist Party of Malaya (1939-1947), by Leon Comber

Grand Opening To-day!!!

SATSUKI

RESTAURANT 155, MIDDLE ROAD.

Excellent Nippon, Chinese and European Dishes served Charming Cuties while

Melodious Music is being rendered by a first class Hawaiian Or-

SYONAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRY & CO.

五月花酒楼(又称皋月酒楼) 开张通知、《昭南新闻》(1942) May Blossom Restaurant (also known as Satsuki Restaurant) Opening Notice, Syonan Shimbun (1942)



南迪纳照护之家 Nantina Home (1954)

故事大纲 Synopsis

令天为南迪纳照护之家举办每月一次茶会的是来自中华妇女协会的主席张女士。义工们的 任务是和住民们聊聊天。

Madam Teo, President of the Chinese Ladies Association, is the host of today's monthly tea party at The Nantina Home for the Aged and Destitute. Volunteers are asked to entertain and spend time with the home's residents.

伊尔万先生的故事 Mr Irwan's Story

伊尔万讲述最近骇人听闻的油鬼仔故事。许多人聚集在油鬼仔第一次出没的地方,等诗这只鬼魅再次出现。伊尔万决定恶作剧,装抄成油鬼仔的样子。不料,他惊恐的发现一个黑油油、神秘的轮廓紧盯着他。两天后,一场神秘的火灾烧毁了他的家,他的家人被困在火海中……

Irwan recounts the recent Orang Minyak scare. Many people gathered where it first appeared, hoping to spot the creature. Irwan decided to prank them by pretending to be the Orang Minyak. He was frightened off by an oily figure glaring at him. Two days later, a mysterious fire burnt his house down, with his family trapped inside...

黄女士的故事 Madam Ng's Story

黄女士在二战期间曾在日本人经营的五月花酒楼工作。有一天,她目睹几名日本 士兵指示几个华人,在波格拉斯桥下埋藏两个大包裹。经过这么多年,没有人 发现这些包裹,里面藏着什么,至今仍是个谜……

Madam Ng worked in the Japanese-run May Blossom Restaurant during World War II. One day, she witnessed Chinese men secretly burying two large bags under the Polglase Bridge, under the orders of Japanese soldiers. Years passed but no one retrieved the bags and its contents remained unknown till this day... 田中雅子的故事 Tanaka Masako's Story

雅子叙述她父母亲的故事。他的父亲大辅是一名日本摄影师,华族母亲是他的顾客,因而相识。二战爆发时,父亲被强制送注拘留营。在日据期间,父亲被释放却又再次被带走,成为战争摄影师,从此再也没有回来新加坡......

Masako tells the story of her parents. Her father Daisuke, was a Japanese photographer, and her mother was his Chinese customer. After World War II broke out, her father was sent to an internment camp. Released during the Japanese Occupation, he was taken away again to serve as a war photographer. He never returned to Singapore...



下士阿姆塔的故事 Corporal Aamuktha's Story

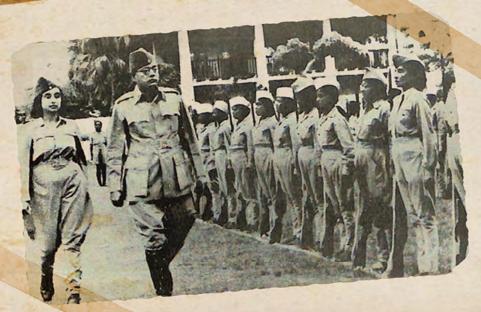
阿姆塔和大家分享她如何违抗丈夫,加入章西王后军团的故事。这是一个由女性组成的印度全民军,目的是在日本的协助下,推翻英国殖民政府。战争结束后,军团也随之解散,妇女被遣返回家。阿姆塔发现她的丈夫已经回到印度,独留她一人......

Aamuktha shares how she defied her husband and joined the Rani of Jhansi regiment. Part of the Indian National Army, the all-women regiment aimed to overthrow the British with Japanese assistance. After the war ended, the regiment disbanded and the women were sent home. Aamuktha discovered her husband had returned to India, leaving her all alone...

故事背景 Background

南迪纳照护之家是一所由社会福利部管理的男女混合疗养院,主要照顾年长者及贫困者,只要是新加坡居留者,不论国籍,都能得到照护。这里定期每个星期四下午为住者举办下午茶会,由新加坡不同组织轮流提供,包括扶轮社、中华妇女协会及基督教青年会。

Nantina Home was a mixed-gendered nursing home run by the Social Welfare Department. While it mainly catered to the elderly and destitute, the home was open to any Singapore resident (regardless of nationality) who was in distress. The home hosted a regular Thursday afternoon tea party, supplied on a roster system by Singaporean organisations like Rotary Club, Chinese Ladies Association, and Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA).



Social Welfare by selling pictures.

Of every single person in the Home, even including the Superintendent, Father-Confessor to them all, Mr. Matthew de Souza, who lost his young wife two years ago, and brings up a large family alone, there is some story of pathos to be told.

Years ago Mr. de Souza

apsulas to a dormitory.

This is certainly a real black spot on the Nantina Home where otherwise the inmates have the amenities to look after themselves fairly well, and live out their days at least in peace and quietness, if in bare and dull surroundings.

The chief grouse of most of the inmates is the poor quality and insufficient food. One man said: "The only thing we have to be thankful for is the roof over head."

not de "Oue broakfast

南迪纳照护之家住民的真实状况

The realities of the residents of Nantina Home

来源 Source: 44个被遗忘的男人的故事 - 和一个被记住的人,《海峡时报》(1950)
Tale of 44 Forgotten Men and One Who Is Remembered, The Straits Times (1950)

An elderly lucy sparked of an frantic cancel undermeath the bridge, after raduring the bounk of the landing under the bridge along the Japanese occupation, she had witnessed what she thought was gold there only lians to buy sure if anything was towned. See

波格拉斯桥的都市传说 Polglase Bridge Urban Legend

文字取自于 Text extracted from: Beautiful Buildings And A Tale of Buried Treasure Under A Bridge, by The Long and Winding Road

油鬼仔 ORANG MINYAK (1958)

故事大纲 Synopsis

这天晚上,商名圣婴女子学校的学生 仍逗留在学校的画室。她们听见一阵 仍逗留在学校的画室。她们听见一阵 巨响,立即联想到一则传闻,传说 巨响,立即联想到一则传闻,传说 入夜后油鬼仔会在走郊游荡。受惊的 她们开始祷告。突然间,走郊的东端 再次传来声响……

It is evening and two Convent of the Holy Infant Jesus (CHIJ) students are huddled together in the school's art studio. They hear loud sounds and immediately think of the Orang Minyak rumoured to roam the halls after dark. Frightened, they begin to pray. Suddenly, they hear a noise, this time at the end of the corridor...



圣婴女子学校的学生合照 Group photo of CHIJ Girls (1950s)
Diana Koh Collection, Courtesy of National Archives of Singapore

OILY MAN SCARE IN CITY

A LARGE crowd of excited speciators braved yesterday's rain to view "oily man" at the roof. the Cathay building in Singapore.

Crics of "Orang Minyak" brought more people out and one of them rushed across the road to the theatre lobby to dial 999.

But it was only a stunt man of the Cathay Kerls Film Production publicising the new Malay release of "The Oliy Man." which opens tomorrow at Cathay.

油鬼仔惊现城中 Oily Man Scare in City 来源 Source: 《星洲虎报》 Singapore Tiger Standard (1958) 故事背景 Background

勿拉士告沙路一带设立了许多学校, 与中包括圣婴女子学校。 是尼格拉女校于1931年成立华文部。

"油鬼仔"是马来民间传说中的一种鬼怪,有着普通人的外表却契约,或是满足他们的性欲。

There were many schools in the Bras Basah area, including CHIJ. The Chinese section, St Nicholas Girls' School, was founded in 1931.

A Malay folk legend, the Orang Minyak (translated as "Oily Man") has the appearance of a man completely covered in dark and slippery oil. The supernatural creature's main motivation is to the devil or to satisfy his lust.



许多电影的灵感来自油鬼仔 Many movies were inspired by the Orang Minyak, Serangan Orang Minyak (1958)

囚犯与男生 THE CONVICT AND THE SCHOOLBOY (1870)



勿拉士峇沙监狱的全景(1870) View of the Bras Basah Gaol (1870) Courtesy of the National Museum of Singapore,

National Heritage Board

故事大纲 Synopsis

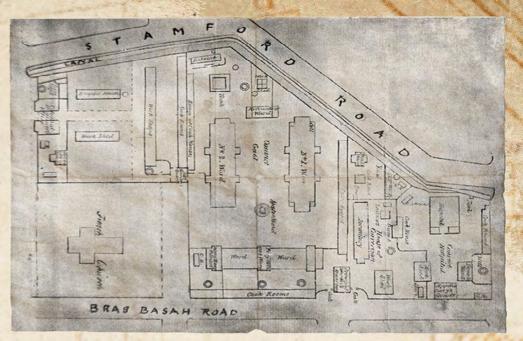
一个华族男学生不愿上学,在监狱外溜达。一名印度囚犯也在这里诽徊,并与男孩成为朋友。 从这天起,他们每天都会见面聊天。有一天,囚犯告诉男孩监狱就要被关闭,他可以选择回到 印度,或留在新加坡。在家人和朋友之间,囚犯难以做出抉择……

A Chinese schoolboy loiters by the gaol, unwilling to go to school. An Indian convict wanders over and befriends the boy. From then on, the two meet daily to chat. One day, the convict tells the boy that the gaol is closing. Convicts must choose to either return to India or stay in Singapore. Torn between his real family and his young friend, the convict is undecided…



圣若烎书院(19世纪) St Joseph's Institution (1900s)

Courtesy of the National Museum of Singapore, National Heritage Board



监狱建筑物的分布 Distribution of jail buildings

来源 Source: Prisoners Their Own Warders, by J. F. A. McNair and W. D. Bayliss

故事背景 Background

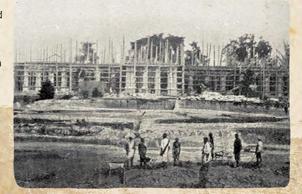
新加坡是海峡殖民地主要收押囚犯的据点。自1825年开始,大批的印度囚犯被遣送新加坡勿拉士峇沙监狱。他们被当作劳工,开发树林及建造新加坡的建设措施。 囚犯不断地押送到新加坡直到1867年,这所监狱在1873年正式走进历史。

圣若瑟书院成立于1852年,为男生提供<mark>免</mark>费的教育。这所学校<mark>就矗立在</mark>监狱的 正对面。

Singapore was the main penal settlement in the Straits Settlement. From 1825 onwards, convicts were shipped from India to Singapore and housed in the Bras Basah Gaol. They were used as labour — clearing forested areas and constructing the city's infrastructure.

Transport of convicts ended in 1867 and the gaol was officially closed in 1873.

Founded in 1852, St Joseph's Institution (SJI) was a free school for boys.
It stood directly opposite the prison.



囚犯建造的政府机关花园 Government House Garden constructed by convict labour 来源 Source: Prisoners Their Own Warders, by J. F. A. McNair and W. D. Bayliss

寺庙与酒店 The Temple and The Hotel (2017)

故事大纲 Synopsis

帕玛是一名寺庙的走工,他正在后巷为克里斯南兴都庙准备供品。这时,一名来自隔壁酒店的接待员阿光从酒店后门冲出来,他私下让朋友使用酒店客房而闯了祸。他们两人开始聊天,分享各自的故事。阿光从中国来到新加坡工作赚钱,赡养他年迈的母亲。帕玛的高祖父被当作囚犯从印度来到这里。帕玛离开之前,指引阿光……

Pathma, a temple volunteer, is preparing offerings behind the Sri Krishnan Temple. He is interrupted by Guang, a concierge from the hotel next door, who is in trouble for letting his friend use the hotel's rooms. The two begin to talk and share family stories. Guang moved from China to support his ageing mother. Pathma's great—great grandfather was brought over from India as a convict. As he leaves, Pathma offers Guang some advice…



克里斯南兴都庙与观音堂佛祖庙(1990年)

Sri Krishnan Temple and Kwan Im Thong Hood Cho Temple (1990)

Ministry of Information and the Arts Collection, Courtesy of National Archives of Singapore

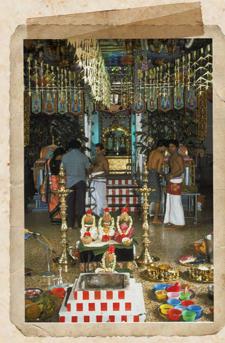
故事背景 Background

克里斯南兴都庙建立于1870年。它原先是一个简单的神坛,供勿拉士峇沙区兴都信徒膜拜,逐渐地拓建到至今五层楼高的历史建筑地标。 许多华人信徒到附近的观音堂佛祖庙拜拜后, 也会顺道到克里斯南兴都庙外烧香礼拜, 因此,这座兴都庙也设立了观音娘娘的神坛。

2017年,克里斯南兴都庙进行整修,部分的 神像移出主殿暂时迁至别处保管。

The Sri Krishnan Temple was first established in 1870. Catering to the large Hindu community living around Bras Basah, it began as a simple makeshift altar before it eventually expanded into a 5-storey historical landmark. Many Chinese devotees would visit and offer prayers after visiting the Kwan Im Thong Hood Cho Temple next door. Thus, the temple installed an altar of Guan Yin (Goddess of Mercy) within the temple grounds.

The temple underwent renovations in 2017. As part of the renovations, the religious statues were moved out of the main temple for safekeeping.



膜拜仪式(1993)
Temple Ceremony (1993)
Ministry of Information and
the Arts Collection,
Courtesy of National Archives of
Singapore







助理导演 Assistant Director

郭践红 Kuo Jian Hong

(导演:《油鬼仔》/《寺庙与酒店》) (Director: Orang Minyak/ The Temple and The Hotel) 詹文倩 Isabella Chiam

编剧 Playwright 林志坚 Jonathan Lim

布景设计 Set Designer 陈雪薇 Petrina Dawn Tan

道具设计及布景设置 Props Designer & Set Dressing 曾梨莉 Chan Lee Lee

灯光及投影设计 Lighting & Multimedia Designer 白静怡 Genevieve Peck

音响设计 Sound Designer 郑吉钦 Sandra Tay

服装设计 Costume Designer MAX.TAN

发型设计 Hair Designer 林忠华 Ashley Lim 彩牧设计 Make Up Designer The Make Up Room

序幕影片制作团队 Prologue Video Production Team EDIT&PLAY

制作群
Production Team
监制
Producer
周紫靜 Cecilia Chow

助理监制 Assistant Producer 郑奥莹 Joey Cheng

技术总监 Technical Director 李美美 Lee Bee Bee

制作经理团队 Production Management Team 林丹凤 Lam Dan Fong 赖靖汶 Lai Jingwen 郑奥莹 Joey Cheng

舞台监督团队 Stage Management Team 溫秀瑩 Woon Siew Yin 秦宝珍 Bobo Sing 叶宝君 Yip Boh Kuan

布景协调员 Set Coordinator 刘伟娜 Vivien Lau

灯光协调员 Lighting Coordinator 吴怡慧 Woo E-hui 音响协调员 Sound Coordinator 翁秋云 Rachel Ong

制作助理 (装台) Production Crew (Set Up) 汪丽仪 Marilyn Ang 蔡曜励 Eliezer Chua 莫烽凌 Yvonne Mok 陈亦恺 Tan Yi Kai

制作助理 (演出)
Production Crew (Show)
蔡曜励 Eliezer Chua 赖靖汶 Lai Jingwen 李伟文 Darren Lee 李佳玟 Lee Jia Wen 李心仪 Rachelle Lee Xin Yi 林承毅 Lim Cheng Yi 沈格庆 Sim Khet Kheng 陈淑薇 Tan Sock Wee 张俐霖 Teo Li Lin

无线麦克风操作 Radio Mic Operators 翁秋云 Rachel Ong Anoushka Rachel Sam

服装管理 Wardrobe Supervisor 吴汭蓉 Glenna Ng

服装助理

Wardrobe Crew Afida 许昊月 Tabby Koh 李欣芮 Valeree Ray Lee Isabelle Leong

序幕 Prologue

人物 Character

引路人 Guide

戏院职员 Cinema Staff

刘伟安 Dwayne Lau Ruzaini Mazani 蔡德耀 Yeo Lyle 陈韵馨 Cheryl Tan Yun Xin 谢惠琳 Jasmine Xie Hui Lin 陆慧颖 Jeanalle Loke 谢莉莹 Lynn Chia 陈川明 Marcus Eric Tan 陈欣谖 Meryllyn-Faith

红灯区 Red Light

人物 Character 日本妈妈桑 Japanese Mamasan 爱子 Aiko-san 和羊 Kazumi-san

和美 Kazumi-san 阿春 Ah Chun 阿兰 Ah Lan 阿姨 Ah Yi 卡缇儿 Katya 克里斯多夫 Kristof

雅丝敏 Yasmin

演员 Cast

演员 Cast

卓庆成 Dennis Toh 詹文倩 Isabella Chiam 沈淑蔚 Sharon Sum 潘嗣敬 Sugie Phua 洪小婷 Ang Xiao Ting 刘晋旭 Ric Liu 陈粹林 Liz Sgt Tan Andrew Mowatt Arnaud Pierre 刘伟安 Dwayne Lau

西瓜园 Watermelon Garden

人物 Character

楚莲(舞女) Chor Lian (Dancer)

罗伯特王(客人) Robert Ong (Customer) 洪小婷 Ang Xiao Ting 沈淑蔚 Sharon Sum 刘晋旭 Ric Liu 潘嗣敬 Sugie Phua

美丽的村庄 Fuji-Go

人物 Character

苏珊·费尔南德斯 Susan Fernandez 米莉昂修女 Sister Miriam

筱崎护 Shinozaki Mamoru

演员 Cast

演员 Cast

演员 Cast

詹文倩 Isabella Chiam

洪小婷 Ang Xiao Ting 沈淑蔚 Sharon Sum 卓庆成 Dennis Toh

马夫 Syce

人物 Character

维克多·门多萨 Victor Mendoza 珍妮特·门多萨 Janet Mendoza 威廉姆森督察 Inspector Williamson 黄探长 Detective Eng 刘伟安 Dwayne Lau 陈粹林 Liz Sgt Tan Andrew Mowatt Arnaud Pierre 刘晋旭 Ric Liu 潘嗣敬 Sugie Phua

五月花酒楼 May Blossom

人物 Character

玲子大西 Reiko Onishi 苏妮塔・萨格 Sunita Saghal 田中大辅 Tanaka Daisuke 安妮 Annie 茹碧 Ruby 阿里夫 Aarif

瞳子 Hitomi 安月 An Nguyet 齐基里 Zikri 吴悦娟 Goh Guat Kian Grace Kalaiselvi 蔡德耀 Yeo Lyle 陈፡፡麻文 Jodi Chan 叶贞芳 Ethel Yap Al-Matin Yatim 黎嘉希 Abby Lai Ka Hei

吴敏宝 Ng Mun Poh

Ruzaini Mazani

演员 Cast

演员 Cast

演员 Cast

南迪纳照护之家 Nantina Home

人物 Character

张女士 Madam Teo 阿姆塔 Aamuktha 伊尔万 Irwan

伊尔万 Irwan 黄女士 Madam Ng 田中雅子 Tanaka Masako 黎嘉希 Abby Lai Ka Hei 叶贞芳 Ethel Yap Grace Kalaiselvi Al-Matin Yatim 吴悦娟 Goh Guat Kian 吴敏宝 Ng Mun Poh

陈珮文 Jodi Chan

油鬼仔 Orang Minyak

人物 Character

囚犯与男生 The Convict and The Schoolboy

人物 Character

演员 Cast

男学生 School Boy 囚犯 Convict

黄健顺 Vester Ng Kian Soon Ahamed Ali Khan

寺庙与酒店 The Temple and The Hotel

人物 Character

/典以 Cd

帕玛 Pathma Ahamed Ali Khan 光 Guang 黄健順 Vester Ng K

新文字 新文字 新文字 黄健顺 Vester Ng Kian Soon

劫持 Bus Hijack

人物 Character

演员 Cast

少年 Teen 巴士司机 Bus Driver Ruzaini Mazani 蔡德耀 Yeo Lyle

走透被遺忘的世界 A JOURNEY THROUGH FORGOTTEN WORLDS

关于实践剧场 About The Theatre Practice

实践剧场是新加坡历史悠久的专业双语剧团。在艺术工作者们与时俱进的推动下,我们致力于成为新加坡历久弥新的艺术空间,有意识地培养和激发大众对于社会的关怀。过去的54年,我们深入探索及呈献多部脍炙人口与不同类型的作品,反映了新加坡多元文化的丰富性及复杂性。

今日的实践剧场是新加坡独特的一股文化力量。实践剧场为亚洲和世界构建了文化桥梁,聚集了来自四面八方的艺术工作者交换与分享经验,同时为优质的国际作品提供一个重要的平台。作为新加坡艺术教育的先驱之一,我们积极地培养艺术人才,并且让更多的年青人对艺术产生热爱。

在现任艺术总监郭践红的掌舵下,实践剧场坚持塑造本地文化的生态空间,是新加坡剧场独特的一把声音。践红认为"游戏"在艺术创作中是重要的元素。在她的带领下,实践剧场在游戏中体现了无惧的探索精神。

艺术源自于生活, 我们将无休止地寻求创新, 实践我们的艺术理念。

实践剧场是注册的公益团体之一、国家艺术理事会主要拨款赞助的艺术团体(2017 - 2020)、也是新华剧体的成员之一。

The Theatre Practice (Practice) is Singapore's longest-standing professional bilingual theatre institution. Artist-driven and deeply progressive, Practice strives to be an arts space in Singapore that consciously nurtures and empowers people who care about humanity. Over the past 54 years, we have developed and presented a vast critically-acclaimed multi-genre repertoire that reflects the complexities of Singapore's diverse cultures.

Practice today is a cultural force. As a bridge between cultures, we have brought practitioners of diverse backgrounds together for exchange, and provided platforms for international works. As pioneers in Arts Education in Singapore, we have nurtured leaders in the Singapore arts scene, and inculcated the love for the arts in generations of youths.

Under current Artistic Director Kuo Jian Hong, Practice continues to shape our cultural landscape as the definitive voice in Singapore theatre. Deeply influenced by the importance of play in art-making, Practice has become the embodiment of the irrepressible spirit and fearless experimentation of play under her leadership.

Artistically diverse and constantly relevant, Practice will always engage in the ceaseless exploration of new frontiers.

The Theatre Practice is supported by the National Arts Council under the Major Company Scheme for the period of April 2017 to March 2020. Practice is also an Institution of Public Character and a member of the Singapore Chinese Language Theatre Alliance.

董事

Board of Directors

王連聲 Wang Liansheng (主席 Chairman) 吴维奋 Daniel Goh Wei Fen 郭践红 Kuo Jian Hong 黄明玉博士: Dr Wee Beng Geok 般玲 Jennifer Yin Ling

董事顾问

Board of Advisors

柯思仁博士 Dr Quah Sy Ren 萧丁明 Samuel Seow 黄燕如 Wong Yen Yee

联合创办人

Co-Founders

郭宝崑 Kuo Pao Kun (1939-2002) 吴丽娟 Goh Lay Kuan

艺术顾问

Artistic Advisors

吳丽娟 Goh Lay Kuan 黄美兰 Wong May Lan

艺术总监

Artistic Director

郭践红 Kuo Jian Hong

执行总监

Executive Director

吴维奋 Daniel Goh Wei Fen

节目及制作组

Programming & Production Team

周紫靜 Cecilia Chow - 组长 Lead 郑與莹 Joey Cheng 赖靖汶 Lai Jingwen 李美美 Lee Bee Bee 沈心怡 Sim Xin Yi 陈伊琳 Michelle Tan

传播及伙伴拓展组

Communications & Partnership Team

蔡齐优 Choy Chee Yew 刘施谊 Pearline Liew 林沁慧 Jasmine Lim 聂铭初 Nie Mingchu 郑向荷 Teh Xiang Her

教育推广组

Advocacy Team

朱瀚晖 Leslie Choo 余玟萱 Michelle Er

人事/行政/财政组

Human Resource/Admin/Finance Team

廖美玉 Rena Lew - 组长 Lead (人事/行政 Human Resource/Admin) 张淑琼 Teo Seok Kheng - 组长 Lead (财政 Finance) 汪琦薇 Alyssa Ang 卢映璇 Loo Ying Xuan 曼南 S. Letchumanan

实堂姑娘

Practice Tuckshop Guniangs

洪小婷 Ang Xiao Ting 郑奥莹 Joey Cheng 林沁汉 Kenny Lim 沈心怡 Sim Xin Yi 苏慧玲 Fiona Soh

实践艺术工作者

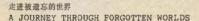
Practice Associate Artists

洪小婷 Ang Xiao Ting 詹文倩 Isabella Chiam 錦 FERRY 吴敏宝 Ng Mun Poh 童沛勤 Thong Pei Qin

实习生

Interns

洪钴琴 Shanise Ang 刘嘉琪 Liu Jia Qi



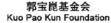
Company Patrons















Supported By







宣传伙伴

Marketing Partners









社区伙伴 Community Partner







指定印刷公司 Official Printer











指定优惠卡







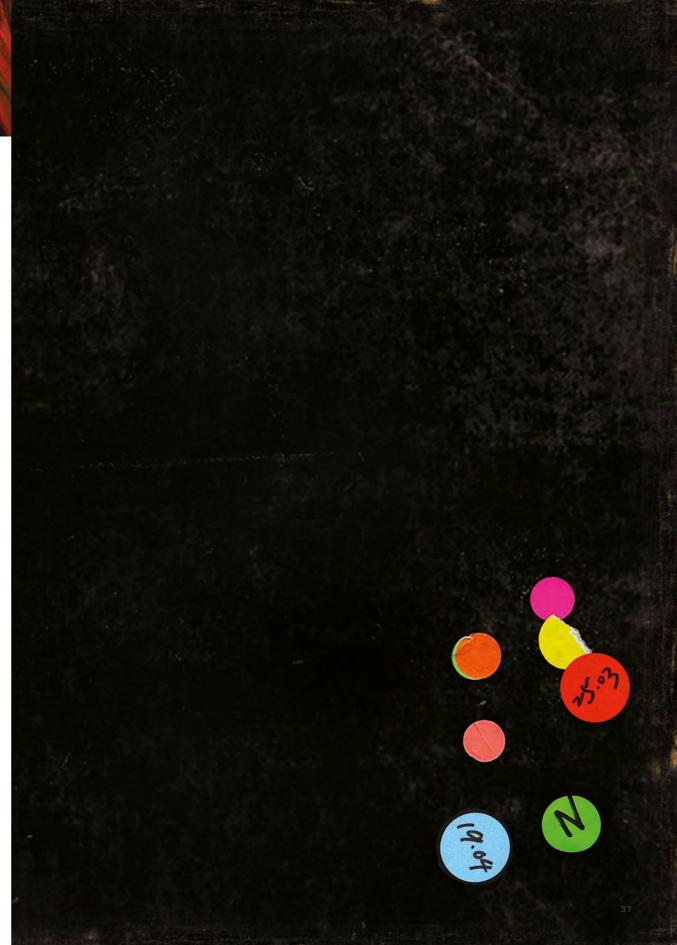




特别鸣谢 Special Thanks

BooksActually Cathay Organisation Holdings Limited Crossings Café Dmitry Timoshenko Farm Store Goh Seng Lai Company 锦峰广告 Jing Feng Art Enterprise Löwe'f Artisanal Miyamoto Seiya National Archives of Singapore National Library Board National Museum of Singapore Netaji Research Bureau (India) 黄丽玉 Ng Lay Geok

九年剧场 Nine Years Theatre 侯玮诗 Petrina Kow 大众集团 POPULAR Holdings Ltd 谢晓纯 Sia Sheau Chwen 新加坡报业控股 Singapore Press Holdings Standing Sushi Bar at Odeon Towers Steffen Baermann Tanuki Raw at Kapok 新加坡书法家协会 The Chinese Calligraphy Society of Singapore Tuckys Photography wheniwasfour 捐助者、各大媒体及所有义工朋友 All donors, media and volunteers



© 实践剧场 The Theatre Practice Made in Singapore 187953

+65 6337 2525 www.practice.org.sg

© 2020 实践剧场版权所有。The Theatre Practice Ltd. All rights reserved.